UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

| IN RE INTEL CORPORATION Southern MICROPROCESSOR ANTITRUST LITIGATION | District of Texas |
|--|--|
| PHIL PAUL, on behalf of himself all others similarly situated, Plaintiff V. INTEL CORPORATION, | MDL No. 05-1717-JJF Civil Action No. Consol. CA No. 05-485-JJF (If the action is pending in another district, state where: |
| Jeri Callaway OR TO PRODUCE DOCU c/o Paul Weller, Esq. To: Morgan Lewis LLP 1701 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-292 Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appedeposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an or | ear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a rganization that is <i>not</i> a party in this case, you must designate signate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf |
| Place: Morgan Lewis LLP 1000 Louisiana Street, Suite 4200 Houston, TX 77002-5006 The deposition will be recorded by this method: | Date and Time: May 12,2009 at 9:00 a.m. |
| | also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the |
| The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this sub attached. | o your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule poena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are |
| Date: April 24, 2009 CLERK OF COURT Signature of Clerk or Deputy Of | OR Laine M. Wellert Attorney's signature |
| The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the a Class Plaintiffs | |
| Laina M. Herbert (#4717) , Prickett, Jones & Elliott, PA. 1310 King Street, P.O. Box 1328, Wilmington, DE 1989 LMHerbert@prickett.com | 99-1328 (302) 888-6500 |

Civil Action No. MDL No. 05-1717JJF; Consol. C.A. 05-485-JJF

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed R Civ. P. 45.)

| | This subpoena for | (name of individual and title, if any) | | | | |
|--------|--|---|------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| was re | ceived by me on (date | e) | | | | |
| | ☐ I personally ser | ved the subpoena on the individual at | | ; or | | |
| | | | on (date) | | | |
| | | I left the subpoena at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name) , a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there, | | | | |
| | on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or | | | | | |
| | ☐ I served the sub | poena on (name of individual) | | , who is | | |
| | designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization) | | | | | |
| | | | on (date) | ; or | | |
| | ☐ I returned the su | ubpoena unexecuted because | | ; or | | |
| | Other (specify): | | | | | |
| | \$ | ness fees for one day's attendance, an | d the mileage allowed by lav | v, in the amount of | | |
| My fee | es are \$ | for travel and \$ | for services, for a t | tal of \$ | | |
| | I declare under per | nalty of pejury that this information is | s true. | | | |
| Date: | | | Source's signature | | | |
| | | | Sewer's signature | | | |
| | | | Printed name and title | | | |
| | | | Server's address | | | |

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

- (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.
- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
 - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things: or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense **resulting** from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoenathat:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed; or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person inay be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

- (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.
- (1) **Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.**These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).